

Ensuring Efficiency in End to End Supply Chain – Indonesia's Perspective

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Quick Survey Question



- Who among you would be very proud and happy if their son or daughter says my ambition is to be a:
- Kepala Gudang? (Warehouse Head)
- Warehouse Manager?
- Transport or Traffic Manager?
- Direktur Gudang?
- SCM Director?



About Kamadjaja Logistics









22 CENTERS

OPERATING IN
15 CITIES
NATIONWIDE



CERTIFIED
OHSAS 18001:2007
CERTIFIED



How Big is Indonesia?



The

ASEAN ECONOMIES



D - \$878,043 B *37.79*%

\$ 365,966 B 15 750

MY **\$** \$ 305,033 B *13.13*%

SG = \$ 274,702 B 11.82%

PH 3 \$ 250,182 B 10.77%

VN 🔀 💮 \$ 155,820 B 6.71%

MM 🗱 \$53,140 B 2.29%

BN 🚢 🛮 \$ 16,954 B 0.73%

KH = \$14,038 B 0.60%

LA S \$ 9,418 B 0.40%

B: Nominal GDP in Billion USD % of overall ASEAN GDP The 6 largest ASEAN economies make up for 95%+ of overall ASEAN GDP

2012 data

assemup.com - Source: 2012 World Bank data and Indexmond! for Myanmar data Integraphics by Fluorcom - Digital Agency - www.fluorcom.co.

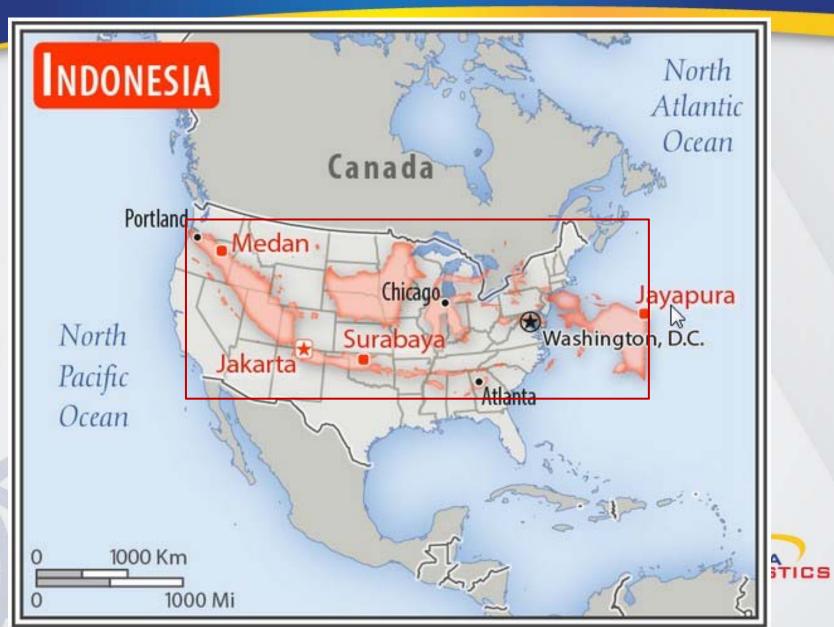




How Big is Indonesia? KAMADJAJA

How big is Indonesia?





How big is Indonesia?



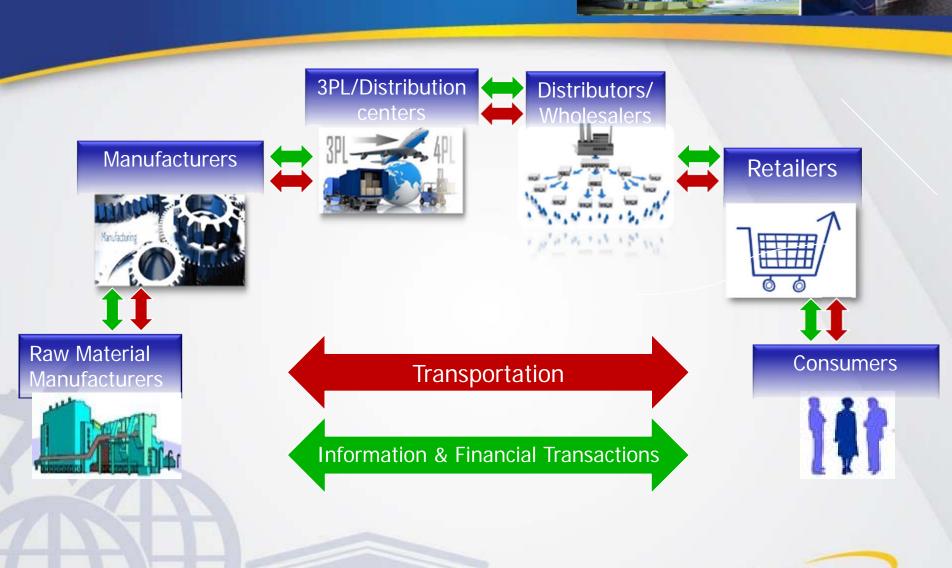
- 255 million population 4th largest in the world
- Land Area: 1.8 mil. Sq. km
- IDR 1,810.6 trillion of potential business for LSPs
- 54,716 km coastline –
 2nd longest in the world
- 17,000 islands largest archipelago in the world
- Strategic Location Along Sea lanes from Indian to Pacific Ocean





End to End Supply Chain







Raw Material Suppliers



- No Distribution Consolidation
- Lack of back hauls
- Slow importation and customs clearance process.
- Lack of transport infrastructure at the ports.





Manufacturers



- Expansion and growth the past 7 years through FDI.
- Supply chain Strategies & improvements. Local companies are getting expert advice, expatriates and third party logistics providers.
- Lack of logistics management and labor resources and expert advice.
- Poor warehouse design affecting transportation (distribution) due to lack of parking and dock doors.

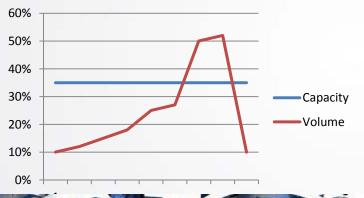


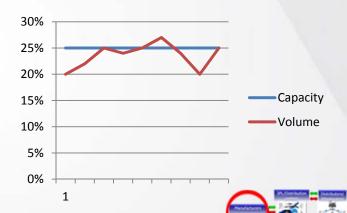


Manufacturers



- Regionalization of MNCs with focus on Indonesia.
- Logistics work load balancing the pregnant curve where the work load is highest at the month end as the sales peak at the last week.









3PLs / Distribution Centers



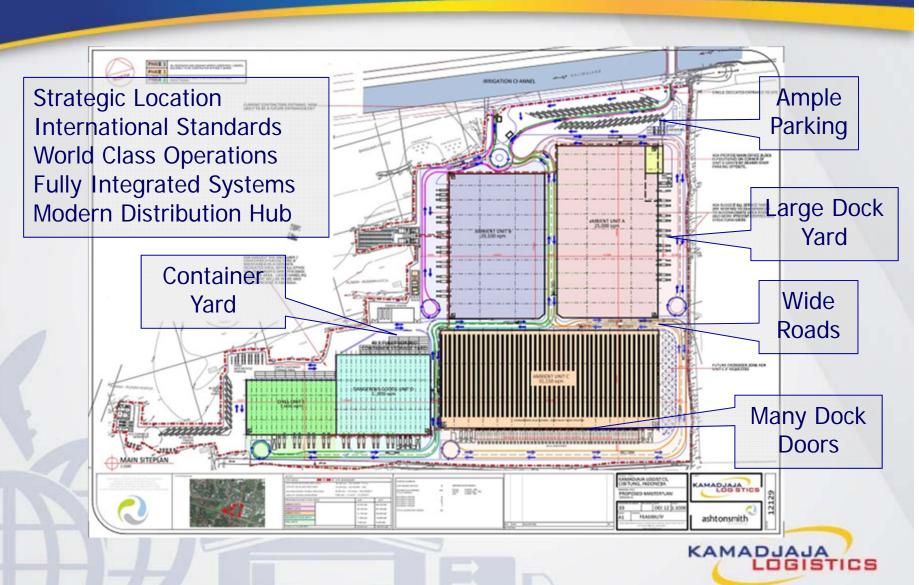
- Third Party Logistics providers is growing in Indonesia with the CAGR 10%.
- New 3PL companies in Indonesia for the past 5 years.
- Japanese 3PLs are coming.
- The government plans to improve infrastructure with MP3EI etc.
- Modern 3 PLs are providing integrated modern facilities with logistics software systems.





K-Log Park Cibitung





K-Log Park Cibitung



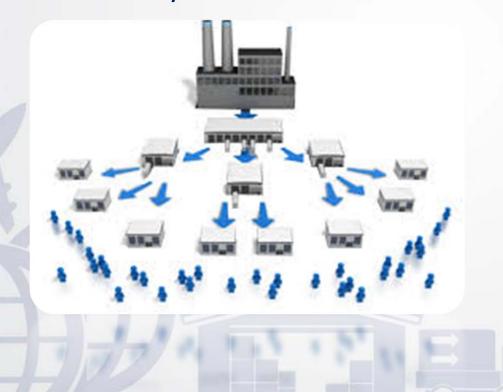




Distributors / Wholesalers



- Traditional distribution channels
- Slow Technology adaptation of Distributors
- Lack of infrastructure like warehouse space, parking space and dock yard.





Retailers



- Growth of the convenience store usher new logistics capabilities. With regional distribution centers and so many stores in the country to be the new post office or product pick up points.
- Volume leverage
- Supply chain influence shift
- E-Commerce
- Stores design does not consider transport needs.



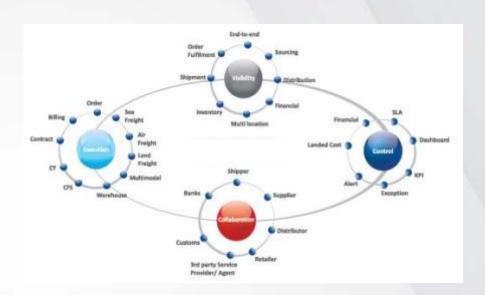






Financial Transactions/Information

- Fully integrated Logistics Systems
- Supply chain financing
- Collection
- Payment
- Original Proof of Delivery







Consumers



- Store Location
- Access to internet with smart phones
- Payment via credit cards
- Ease of pick up or delivery
- Malls





Transportation



- Transport is the connection and the glue in the end to end logistics.
 It executes the flow of logistics.
- Transport is the more expensive than warehouse storage and handling. 2012 report: the cost of transport in Indonesia is 2x that of Thailand and Malaysia.





Transport Challenges



- Challenges of modernization
 - Lack of technology like Transport Management System (TMS), GPS tracking etc.
 - Lack of Management capability, KPIs,
 - Adjust to the road restrictions







Transport Challenges



- Challenges of Infrastructure.
 - Lack of Driver facilities and parking at logistics points or nodes.
 - Road restrictions like truck bans and size and weight bans.
 - Road Traffic
 - Port issues







Transport Challenges



- Challenges of Coordination.
 - Transport has the lowest influence in the Indonesian Supply chain.
 - In other countries, everyone adjusts to the transport.
 - The transportation management has little say in the daily planning.





End to End focus



- Hubs and Distribution Centers
 - Lack modern warehousing in key cities like
 Metro Jakarta, Surabaya, Makassar, Banjarmasin etc.
- Road transport
 - Lack of technology such as TMS, GPS and KPIs
 - No supply chain influence.
- Sea Freight
 - Infrastructure like ports and port systems



End to End Supply Chain



- Education and training in logistics
- Logistics Discipline
- Productivity and KPIs
- Benchmarking
- To increase efficiency in the Supply Chain follow the:
 - Money, how much does it cost?
 - Flow of goods, Truck utilization
 - Information, to plan and execute better



End to End Supply Chain



